

the appeal. The Board may extend this period for an additional period, not to exceed 30 days, if required. The Appeals Board will notify the Commissioner and the agency of the decision. The decision of the Board whether to uphold the Notice of Deficiency, to overturn the Notice of Deficiency, or to mandate some other action will be stated in the finding. Other action mandated may include a reduced charge, a deferral of the charge, an alternate solution to cash management improvement, or a combination of these actions. The basis of the decision, the amount of the charge, and the effective date of the charge will be stated in the finding. The effective date of the charge may be retroactive to the date indicated in the Notice of Deficiency.

(g) Any terms related to charge deferral shall be stated; the Service and an agency will be required to submit evidence of compliance to such terms at a future specified date. At this future time, the Appeals Board will review the evidence of compliance. Based on this evidence, the Board will decide whether to impose a charge.

§ 206.9 Charges.

(a) Within 30 days of the effective date of the charge or the appeals decision, an agency must submit appropriate accounting information to the Service's Assistant Commissioner, Federal Finance. The charge will be calculated following procedures outlined in I TFM 6-8000, and will be assessed for each month that noncompliance continues.

(b) *Collection noncompliance.* In the case of cash management collection noncompliance, an agency will absorb the charge from amounts appropriated or otherwise made available to carry out the program to which the collections relate. Charges collected from an executive agency in the case of cash management collection noncompliance will be deposited in the Cash Management Improvements Fund as outlined in § 206.10.

(c) *Payment noncompliance.* [Reserved]

(d) If an agency does not voluntarily pay the charge assessed under § 206.9(a), the Service will debit the appropriate account automatically. By failing to pay voluntarily the charges as required

by the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984, an agency will be deemed to authorize the automatic debit to its account.

(e) The Commissioner will formally terminate the charge when the Commissioner has determined that an agency has complied. In addition, on an annual basis, the Commissioner will review an agency's performance and calculation of the charge, and will notify an agency in writing of any changes to the amount being charged.

§ 206.10 Operation of and payments from the Cash Management Improvements Fund.

(a) The Cash Management Improvements Fund (Fund) will be operated as a revolving fund by the Service. Charges assessed under § 206.9(a) for cash management collection noncompliance will be deposited into the Fund according to the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984. The Service will also disburse any payments from the Fund based on projects selected by a project selection and approval committee.

(b) *Committee composition.* The committee will consist of three members—two permanent members and one temporary member. The permanent members will be the Commissioner and the Assistant Commissioner, Federal Finance, of the Service. The temporary committee member will be a cash management official from an agency other than an agency being considered for funds. The order of agency assignment to the Committee will be published in a TFM Bulletin, when funds are first deposited to the Fund. Decisions of the project selection and approval committee cannot be appealed. Agencies will be notified of any available amounts in the Fund and requirements to apply for such monies through a TFM bulletin.

(c) As provided by 31 U.S.C. 3720, sums in the Fund will be available without fiscal year limitation for the payment of expenses incurred in developing improved methods of collection and deposit and the expenses incurred in carrying out collections and deposits using such methods, including the costs of personal services and the costs of the lease or purchase of equipment and operating facilities.

(d) In addition to all reports required by law and regulation, for each fiscal

year during which there is a balance in Fund, the Service will prepare and publish, by the 60th day following the close of the fiscal year, a full report on payments, receipts, disbursements, balances of the Fund, and full disclosure on projects financed by the Fund.

PART 208—FEDERAL AGENCY DISBURSEMENTS

Sec.

208.1 Scope and application.

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APPENDIX A TO PART 208—MODEL CERTIFICATION

AUTHORITY: 5 U.S.C. 301; 31 U.S.C. 321, 3301, 3302, 3321, 3325, 3327, 3328, 3332, 3335, and 6503.

SOURCE: 61 FR 39258, July 26, 1996, unless otherwise noted.

§ 208.1 Scope and application.

This part applies to all Federal payments made by an agency and requires such payments to be made by electronic funds transfer, unless a waiver is granted. This part does not apply to payments under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

§ 208.2 Definitions.

(a) *Agency* means any department, agency, or instrumentality of the United States Government, or a corporation owned or controlled by the Government of the United States.

(b) *Benefit payment* means a payment for a Federal Government entitlement program or for an annuity (other than a Federal retirement payment), including, but not limited to, payments for Social Security, Supplemental Security Income, Black Lung, Railroad Retirement Board Retirement and Annuity, Department of Veterans Affairs Compensation and Pension, and Worker's Compensation.

(c) *Electronic funds transfer* means any transfer of funds, other than a transaction originated by cash, check, or similar paper instrument, that is initiated through an electronic terminal, telephone, computer, or magnetic tape, for the purpose of ordering, instructing, or authorizing a financial institution to debit or credit an account. The term includes, but is not limited to,

Automated Clearing House transfers, Fedwire transfers, and transfers made at automated teller machines and point-of-sale terminals.

(d) *Federal payment* means any payment made by an agency.

(1) The term includes, but not is limited to:

(i) Federal wage, salary, and retirement payments;

(ii) Vendor and expense reimbursement payments;

(iii) Benefit payments; and

(iv) Miscellaneous payments, including but is not limited to, interagency payments, grants, loans, fees, principal, interest, and discounts related to U.S. transferable and non-transferable securities, overpayment reimbursements, and payments under Federal insurance or guarantee programs for loans.

(2) The term "Federal payment" does not apply to payments under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

(e) *Financial institution* means any bank, savings bank, savings and loan association, credit union, or similar institution.

(f) *Payment* means a sum of money transferred to a recipient in satisfaction of an obligation.

§ 208.3 Agency responsibilities.

(a) *Paying by electronic funds transfer.* Subject to § 208.3 (b), and notwithstanding any other provision of law, all Federal payments made by an agency to a recipient who becomes eligible for the payment on or after July 26, 1996, shall be made by electronic funds transfer. For purposes of this subsection, "becomes eligible for" means:

(1) In the case of benefit payments, the recipient applies for that type of benefit on or after July 26, 1996;

(2) In the case of Federal wage or salary payments, the recipient has a date of entry on duty with the agency on or after July 26, 1996;

(3) In the case of Federal retirement payments, a recipient applies for retirement from an agency on or after July 26, 1996;

(4) In the case of vendor payments, the payment is made under a contract or purchase order resulting from a solicitation issued on or after July 26, 1996;